



## Sewing Glossary: Full Bust Adjustment Tutorial

### Description

As many of you have been asking for advice on how to adjust our patterns for bustier ladies, we thought we'd kick off this new year with a tutorial on how to do a Full Bust Adjustment (FBA) and add a bust fitting dart to dartless patterns. If you've been following our blog, you might have noticed that most of our designs are oversized or loosely fitted and don't necessarily need bust adjustments for up to B size cup. However, if you have a larger cup size, then you'll most certainly need to make a simple bust alteration to create extra width and length to accommodate your curves and obtain a more figure-flattering fit.

Even though it sounds a bit complicated at first, the good news is that it's actually pretty easy to do an FBA and add a dart to your favorite patterns. Obviously, it changes the original design to a more fitted look, but for fuller figures this is the best way to get a garment that fits properly without drag lines and bulk around the bust. It is amazing what a small pinched rectangle of fabric (commonly known as dart) can do to transform a flat piece of cloth into a perfectly sculpted form that goes around all the curves of your body.

With this technique you will be able to adapt virtually every top or dress patterns for large cup sizes.

## ***Materials & Tools***

Pattern paper or tracing paper, measuring tape, pen (for the purpose of this tutorial we are using contrasting markers), straight ruler, tracing wheel, scissors, tape

## ***Measurements***

Before you begin any alterations, you need to take a few measurements that will help you determine your size cup, amount for the alteration and the placement of the dart.

Here is what and how to measure:

1. **Full bust:** In a well-fitting bra, measure yourself around the fullest part of your bust, keeping the measuring tape straight across and around the back.



2. **High Bust:** Measure around your upper chest just under your armpits, keeping the measuring tape straight across and around the back.



3. **Shoulder to Apex:** Measure straight down from the shoulder seam to the apex (latin for “nipple”<sup>Â</sup>). Please note that the end of the measuring tape in this picture should be slightly higher, right at the shoulder seam.



4. **Apex to Apex:** Measure across the bust from apex to apex and divide this measurement in half to determine the location of your apex point from the center front of your pattern.



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Now that you have all your measurements, compare your **High Bust** measurement to your **Full Bust** measurement. The difference between the two will give you your size cup.

If the difference is :

1" (2.5 cm) or less = A cup

1 ¼" to 2" (3 cm to 5 cm) = B cup

2 ¼" to 3" (5.5 cm to 7.5 cm) = C cup

3 ¼" to 4" (8.3 cm to 10 cm) = D cup

4 ¼" to 5" (10.8 cm to 12.7 cm) = DD cup

And so on.

Choose your cup size and divide it by 2 since the front bodice pattern represents one half of the front and the fabric is cut on the fold. This is the width that needs to be added to your pattern. For example, your difference between **High Bust** measurement and your **Full Bust** measurement is 2.5", meaning that you have a C cup size bust. Divided by two, you get 1.25" – this is the amount that you need to add for the FBA.

## ***Pattern***

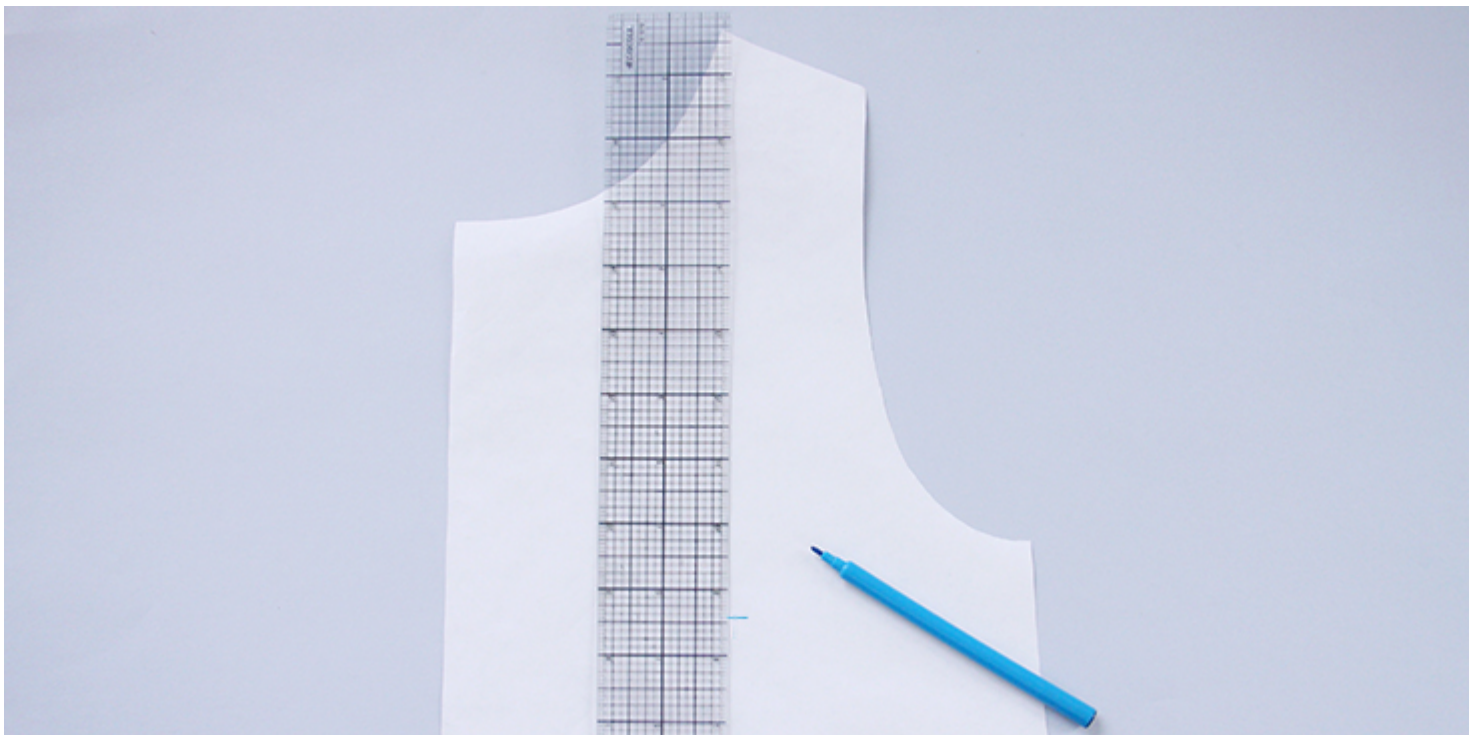
For the best fit, choose a pattern from our [TUTORIALS](#) section that is graded to your size (if you need help grading the pattern, please follow our tutorial [HERE](#)) and using your **High Bust** as a reference. If you would grade your pattern using your **Full Bust** measurement, you would end up with a pattern that fits in the bust but is too large in the shoulders, sleeves and neck. So by going with the **High Bust** measurement, you'll get a better fit in the shoulders and the neckline and then you'll just adjust it on the bust area.

If you are working with a commercial pattern, we recommend tracing off a copy of your front bodice piece so that you can keep the original one intact in case you need to use it again.

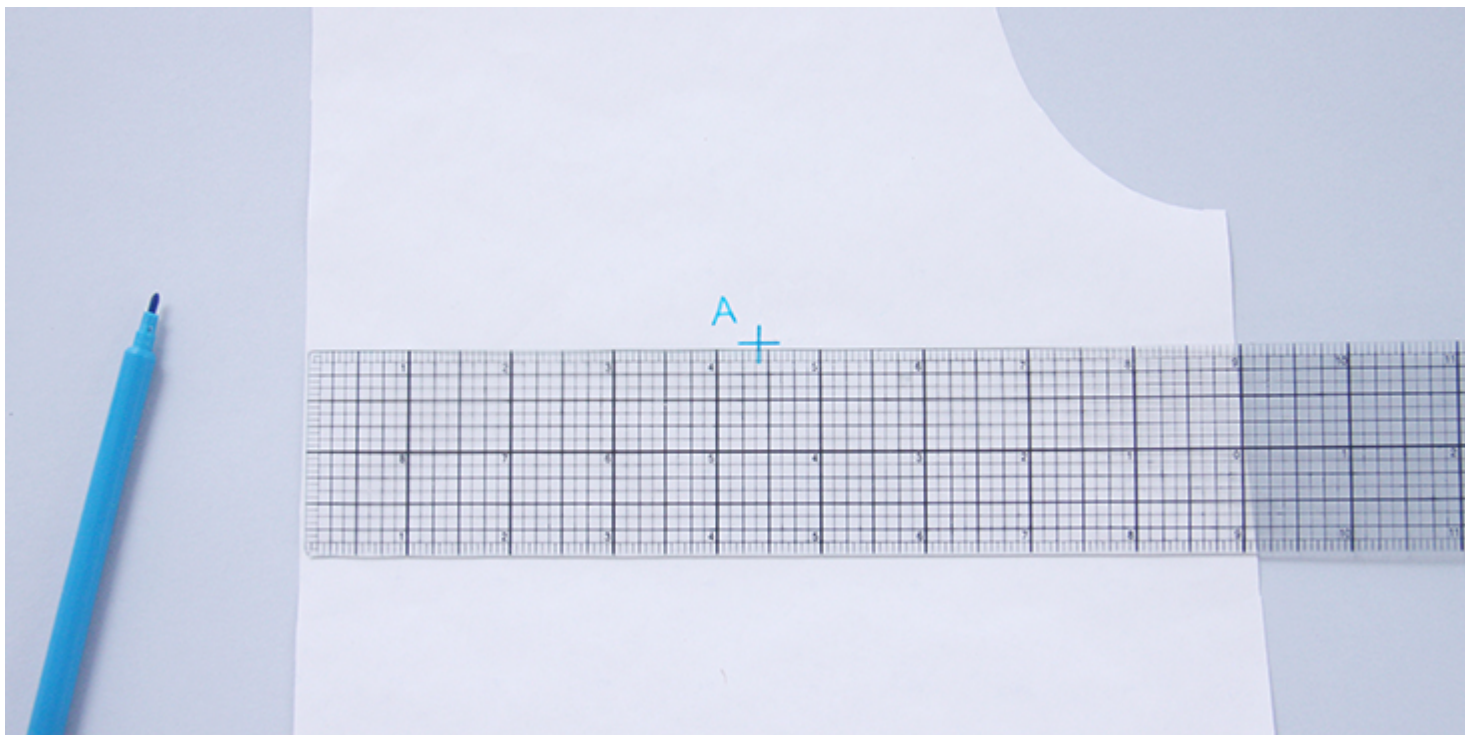
## Steps

Begin by marking your personal apex point on your pattern. To do that you'll need your **Shoulder to Apex** and **Apex to Apex** measurements.

1. First mark your **Shoulder to Apex** measurement on the pattern with a short horizontal line for the level.



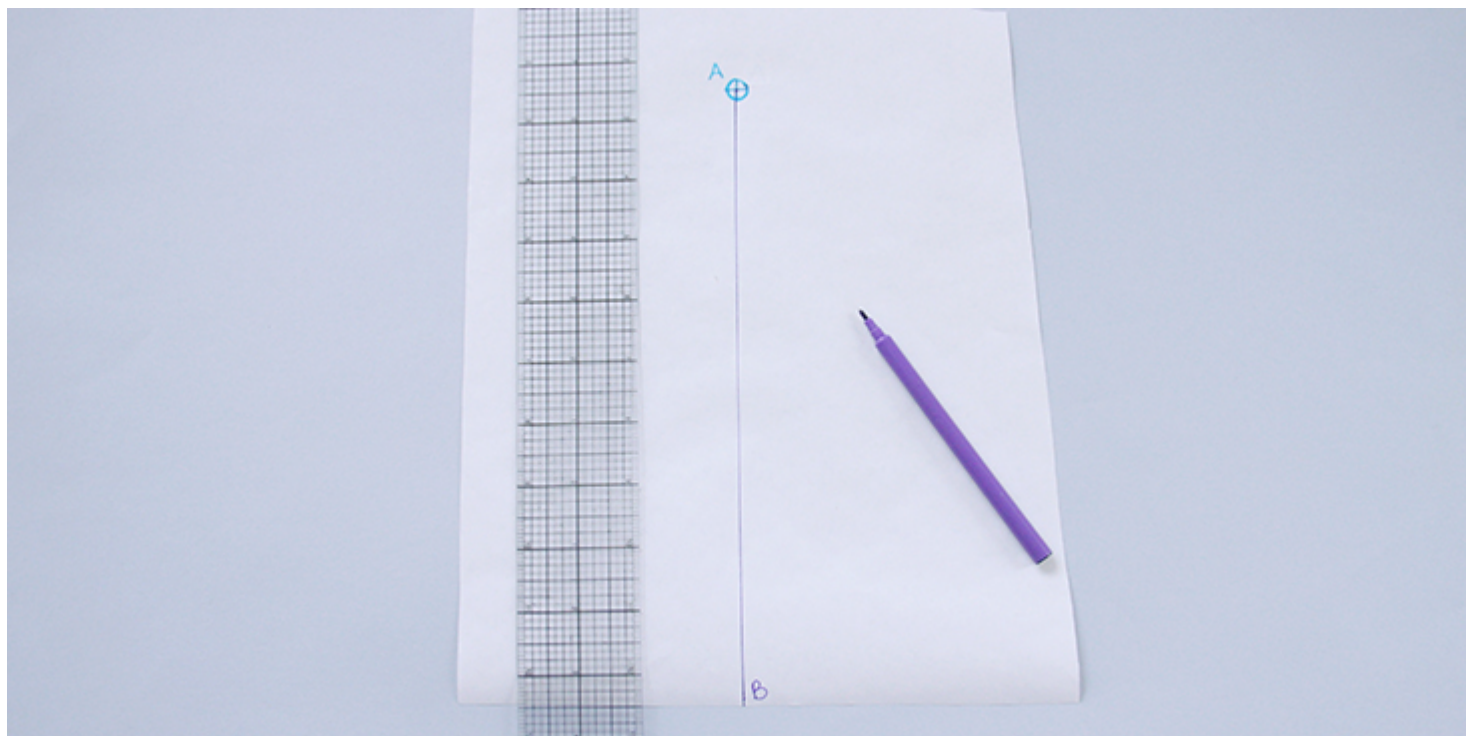
2. Use the half width of your **Apex to Apex** measurement (since you are working on half a pattern) and mark it at the level of your **Shoulder to Apex** mark with a vertical line. The cross mark you got is your apex (or bust point) that we'll call "A"Â.



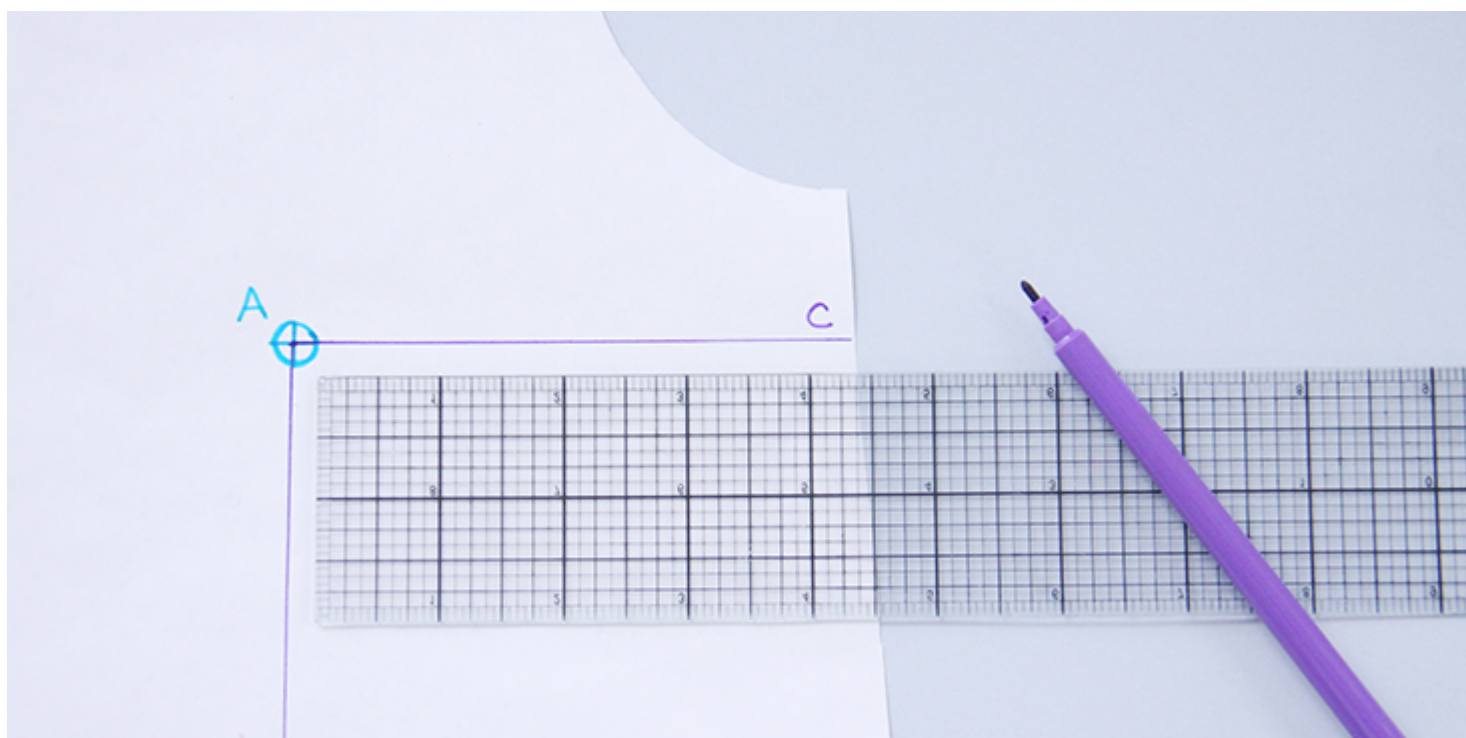
To make sure that the apex is placed correctly, we recommend placing your paper pattern against your body, with shoulders and side seams at the right place, and check if your cross mark location corresponds to your nipple location. Adjust the position if necessary.

3. Mark three more lines coming out of the apex.

The first one should go from the apex straight down to the hemline that is parallel to your center front edge and the grainline. We'll call it "A – B"∧.



The second line will go from A out to the side seam at a 90 degree angle (so perpendicular to your center front edge and the grainline). We'll call this line "A – C"  $\hat{A}$ .



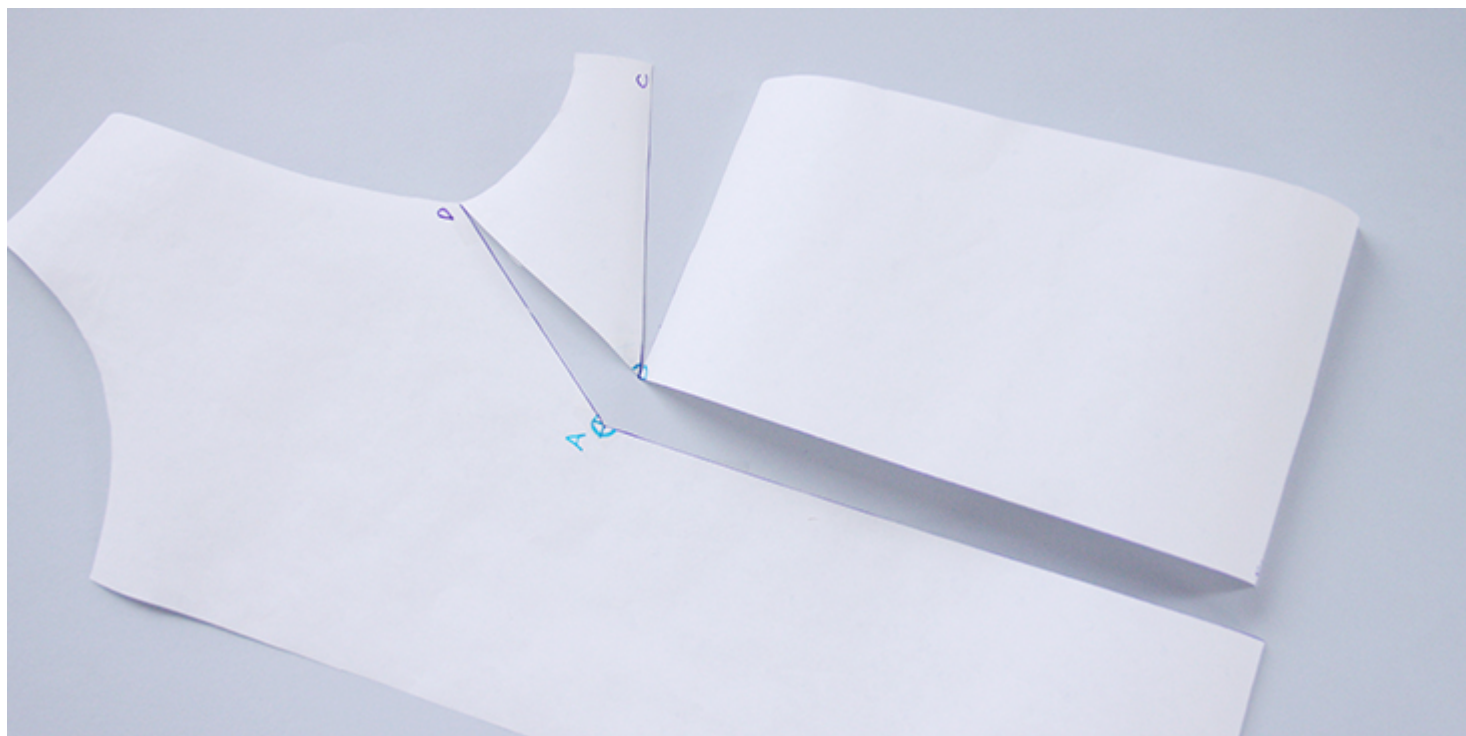


And lastly, the third line (“A – D” $\hat{A}$ ) will go to the lower third of your armhole.



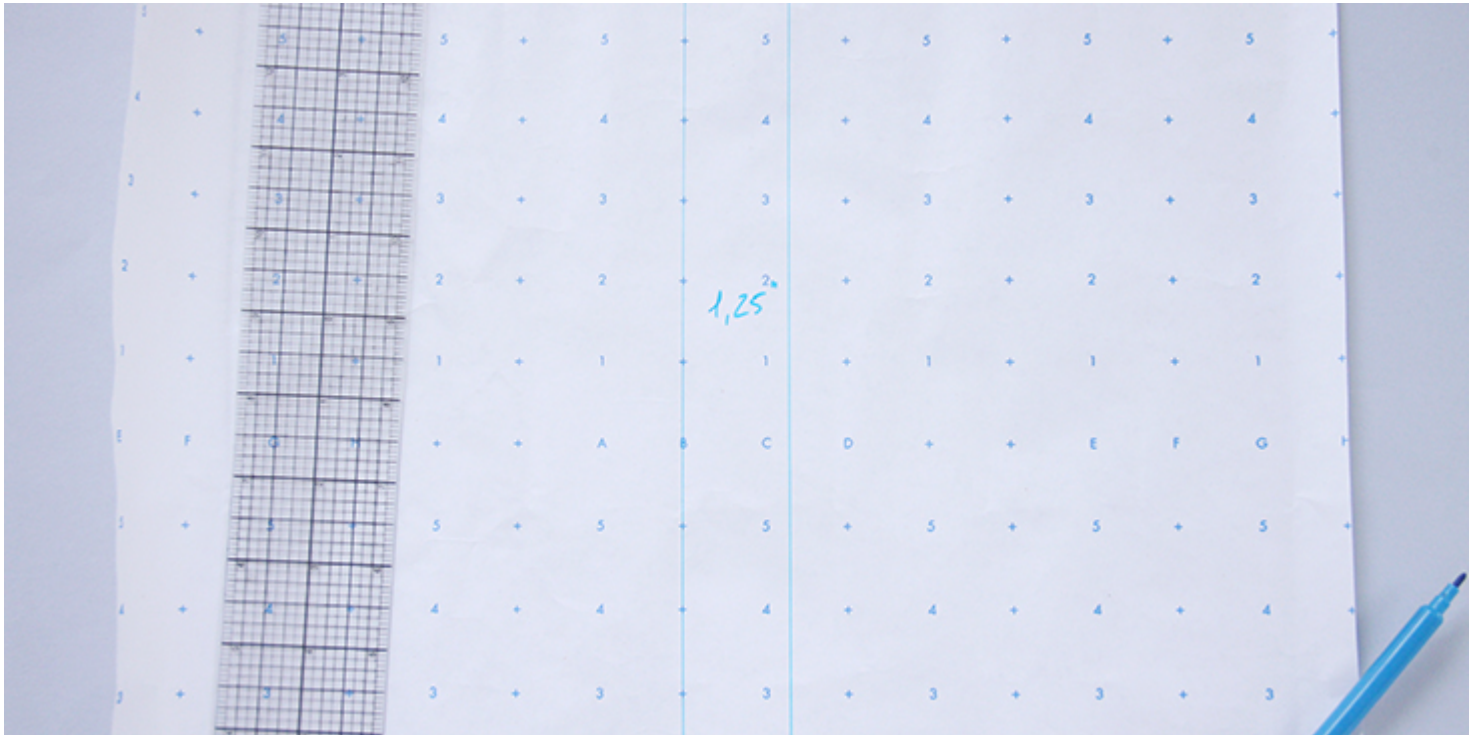
4. The A and D points are going to become your pivot points when you'll start spreading the bodice. So we highly recommend stabilizing these pivot points with small pieces of clear tape. This way they will not break when you start spreading the bodice.

5. Now it's time to cut your pattern. Start cutting from B at the hemline up to A at the apex, and up towards the armhole stopping a few millimeters before D. Do not cut through at the armhole; keep about  $1/8\hat{A}$  intact to pivot your pieces. Lastly, cut along the horizontal line starting from C at the side seam towards A and stopping a few millimeters away from the A.

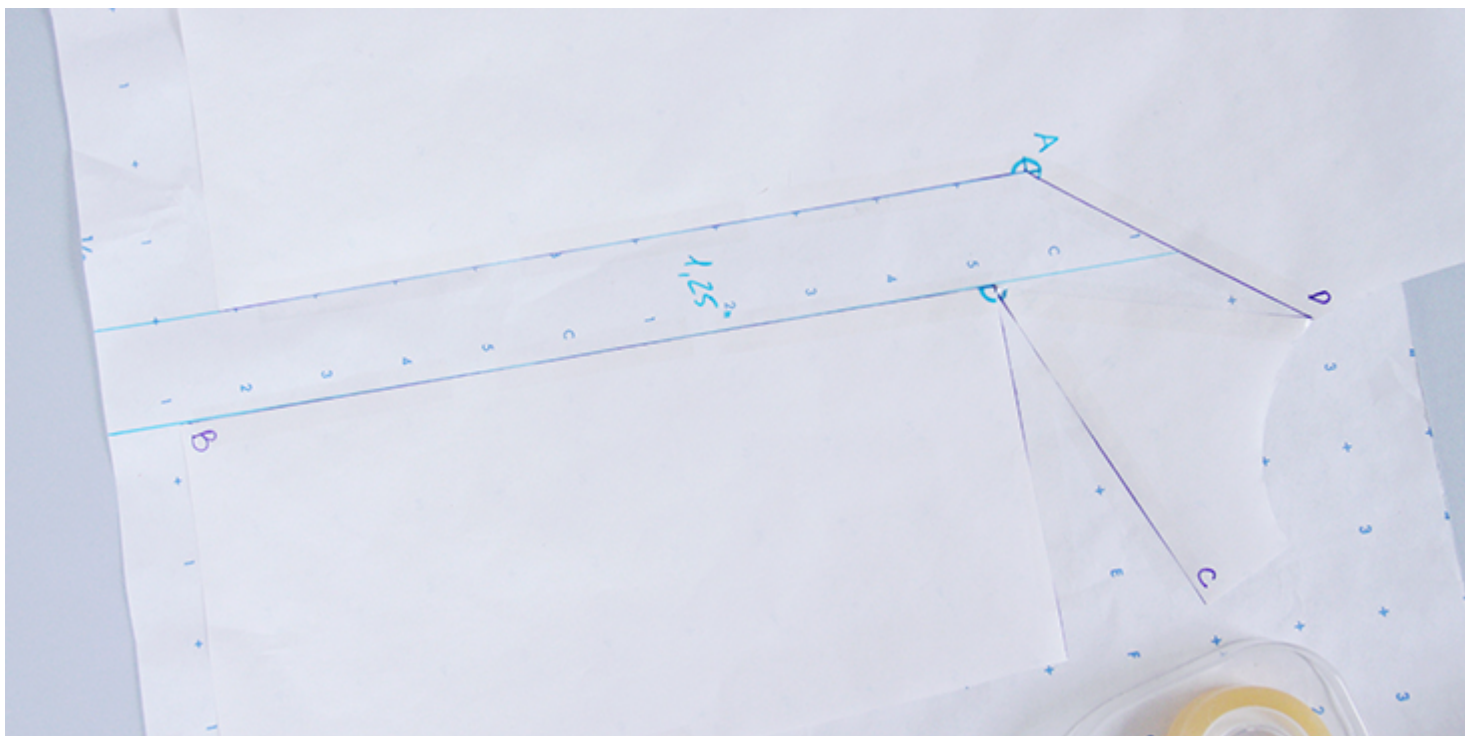


Ok, now our pattern is slashed and ready to be opened up the desired width (bust differential divided by 2). Let's start the spreading!

6. On a spare piece of pattern paper draw two parallel lines that are separated by the calculated amount. In our case these lines will be 1.25" apart for a size C cup (as calculated earlier in the "Pattern" section).



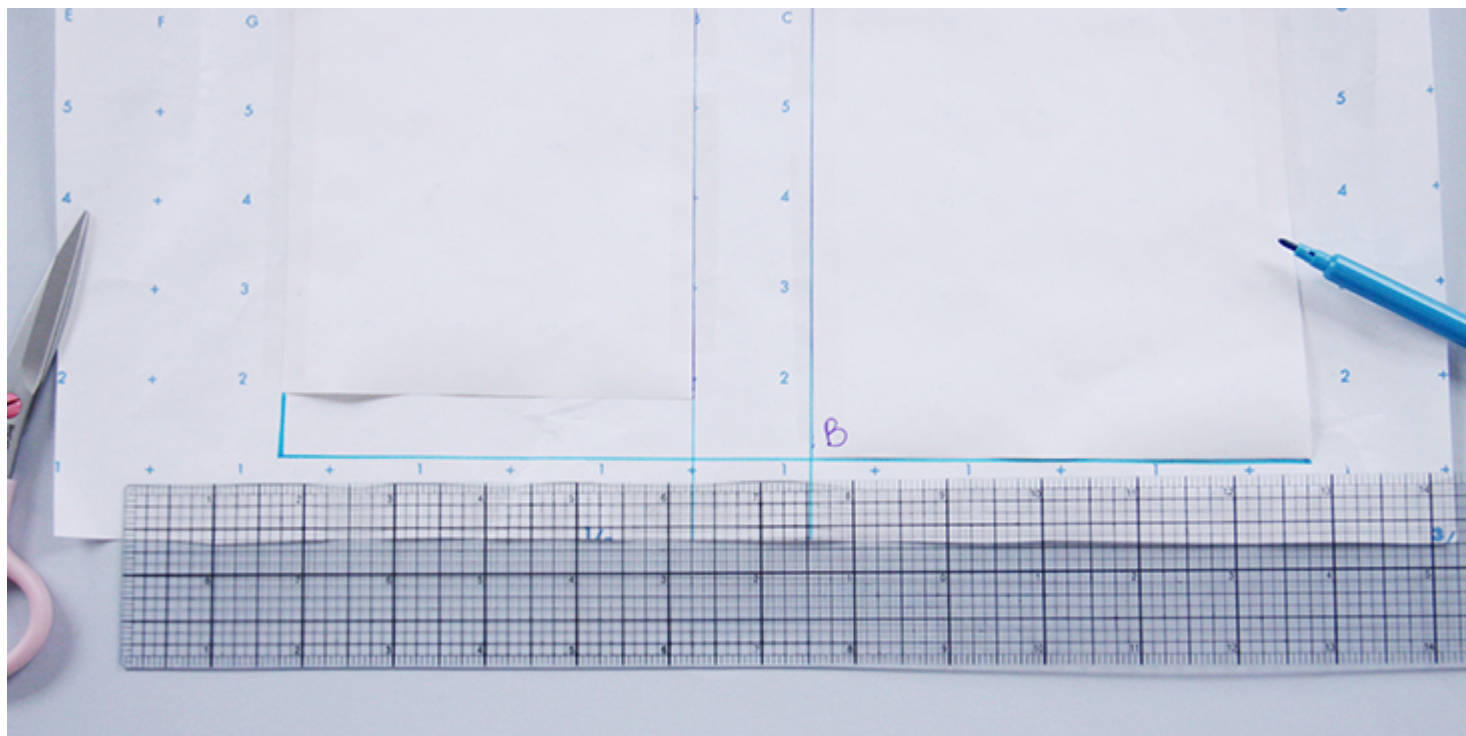
Slide this piece of paper underneath your slashed pattern and spread the “A – B” cut to your desired width lining up the edges parallel and right on the lines that you’ve drawn. As you spread this open, you’ll see that a dart is magically forming at the side seam. The bigger your bustline is, the wider the dart is going to be.



Stabilize your pattern with a few pieces of clear tape.

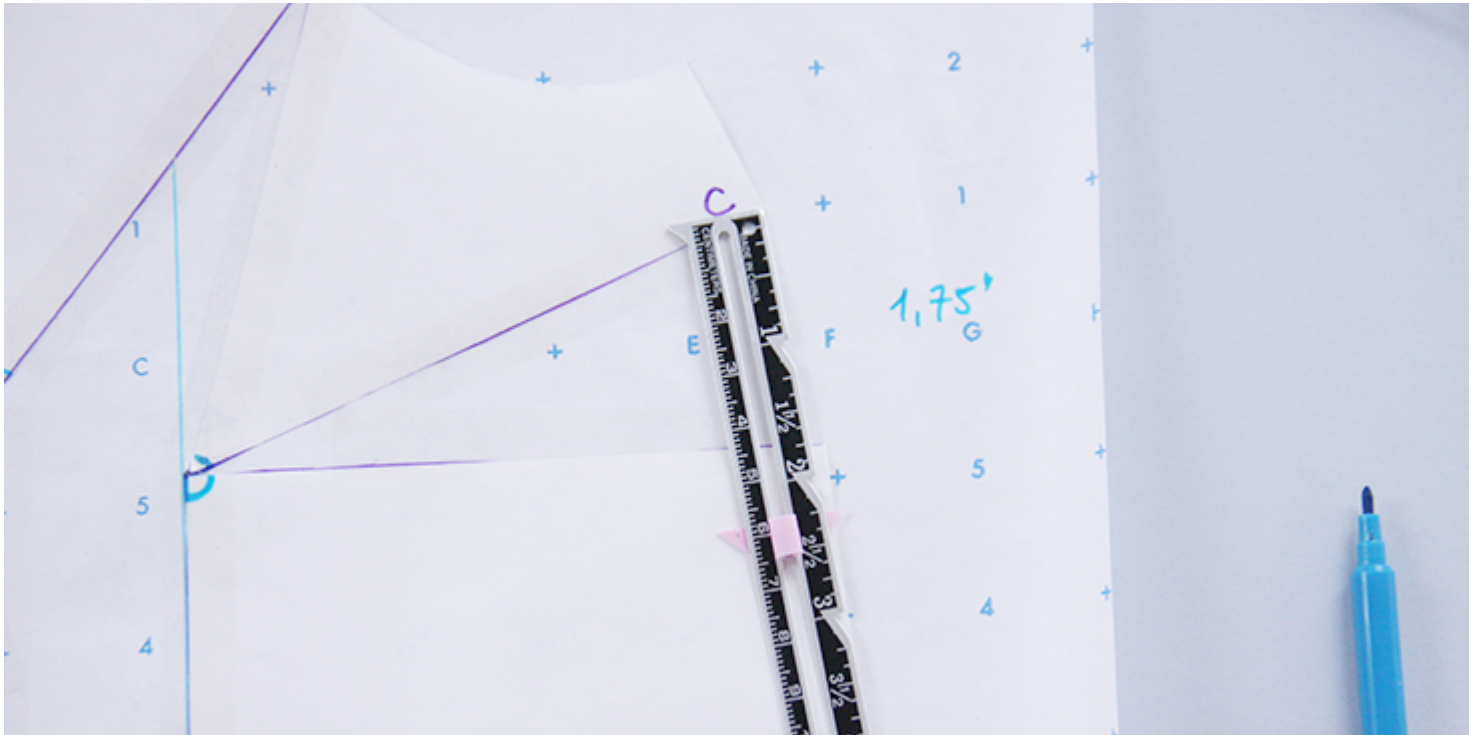
This does not affect the size of the armhole, so don't worry about the sleeves. However, you'll notice that the pattern is no longer lined up at the bottom. The wider your spread is, the longer one side of your hemline becomes. And this is because women with full bust lines need some extra length to go across and down their curves. So the next step is to adjust the hemline.

7. Use the lower hemline as your guide and extend it to the center front to lengthen your pattern.

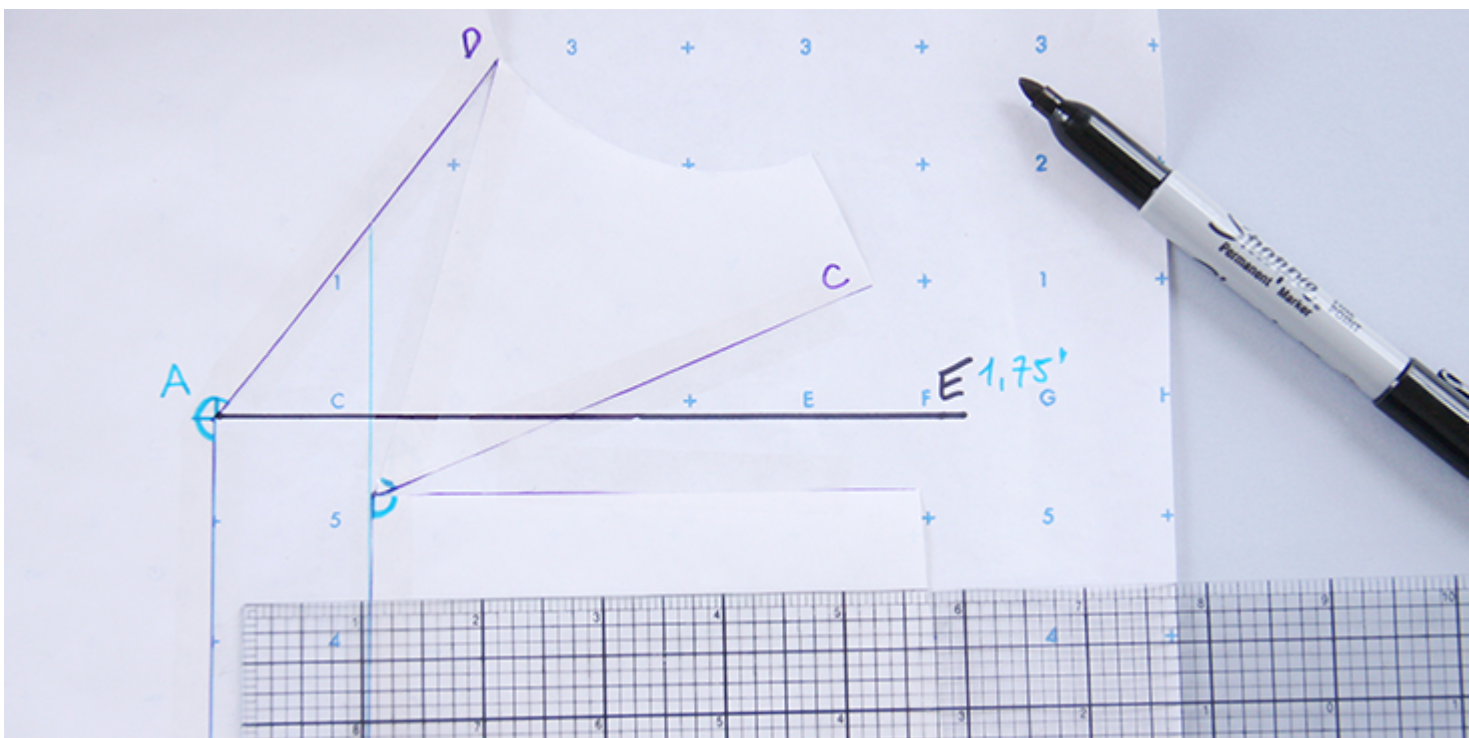


Ok, so now you have successfully added the 1.25" FBA amount to your bodice pattern and it's time to go back to your newly created dart structure and adjust it a little. To make this new dart sit well on your body, you need to redraw the dart legs a little.

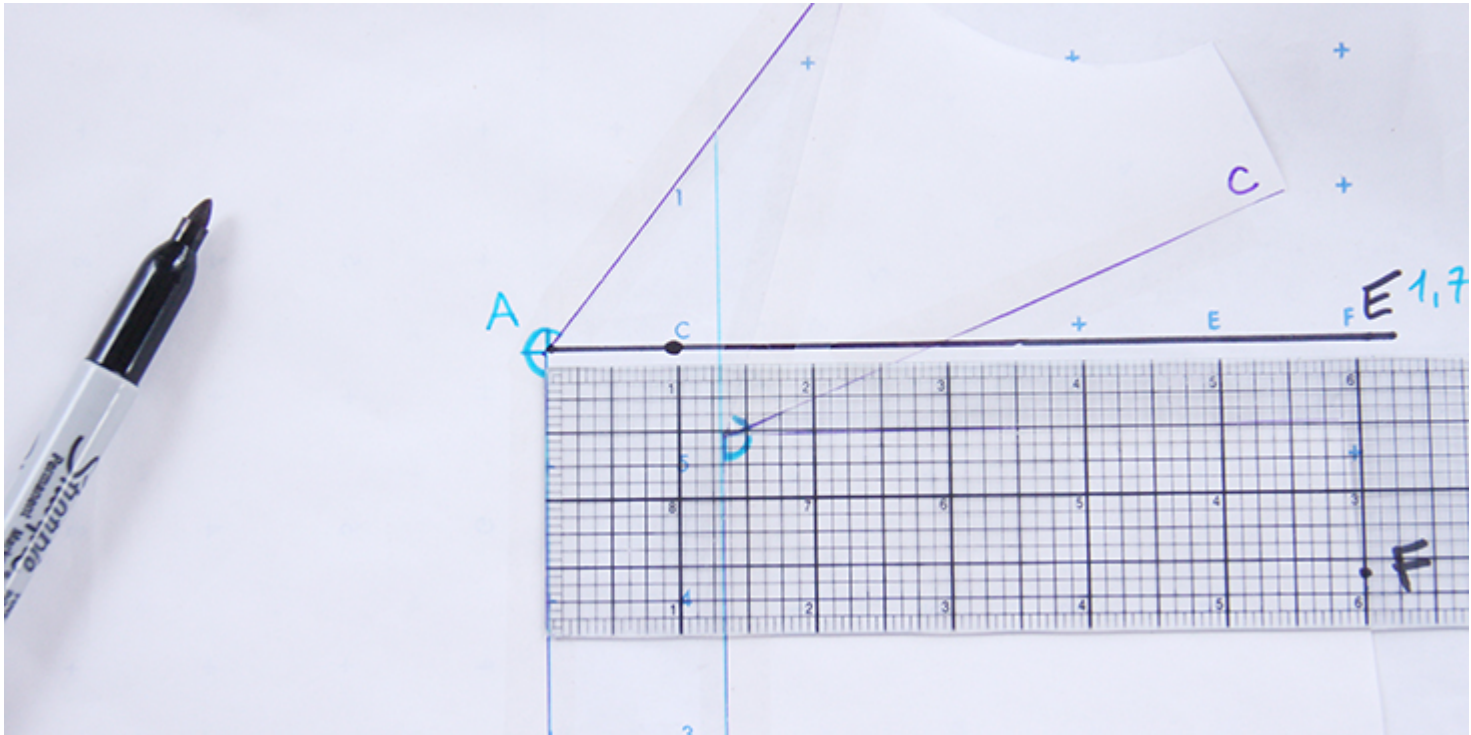
8. Measure the space in between the two dart legs to see how wide it's become. In our case the dart is 1.75" wide.



9. Then draw another line coming out of your apex (A) right to the side seam that is perpendicular to the grainline and you center front. This line (that we'll call "A – E"  $\hat{A}$ ) will become your upper dart leg.







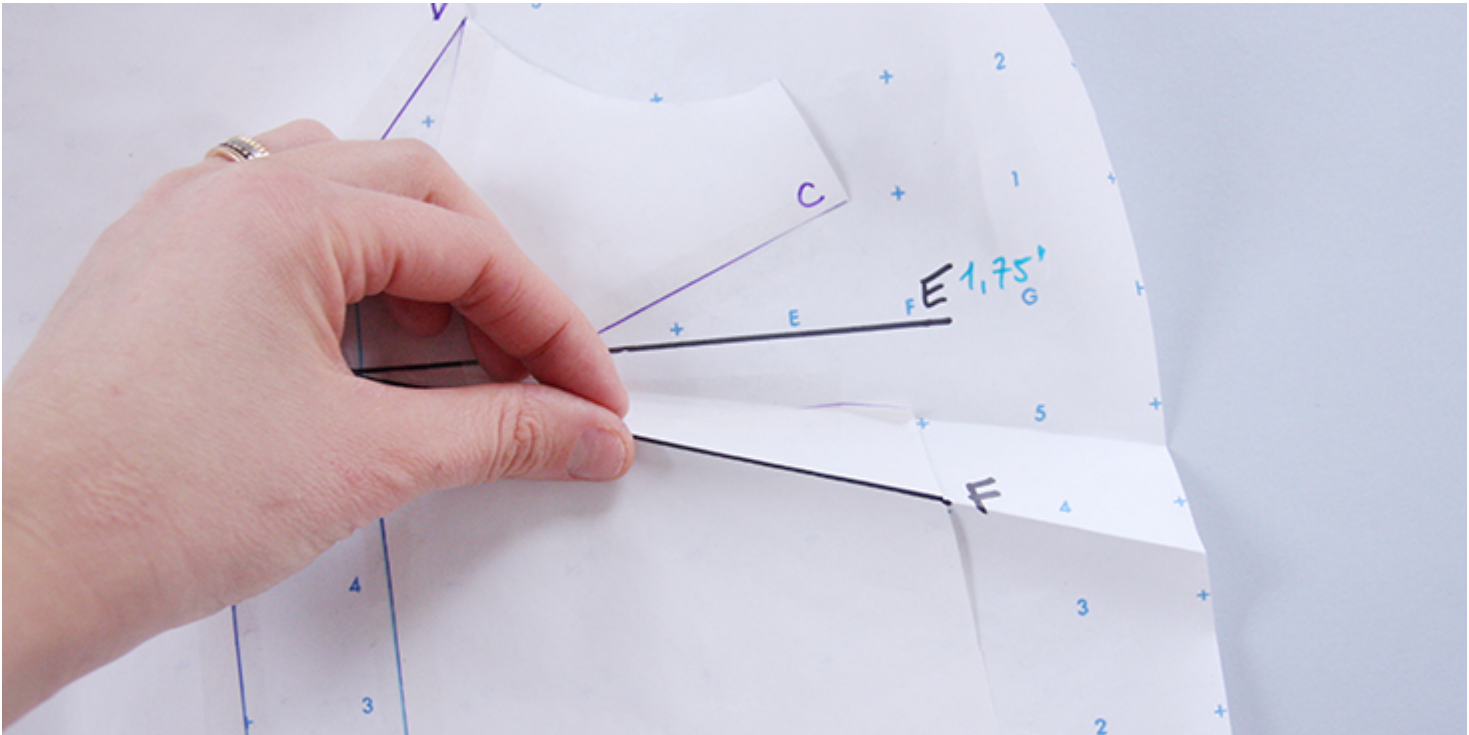
12. Connect this new dart point with “F”  $\hat{A}$ , your bottom dart leg.

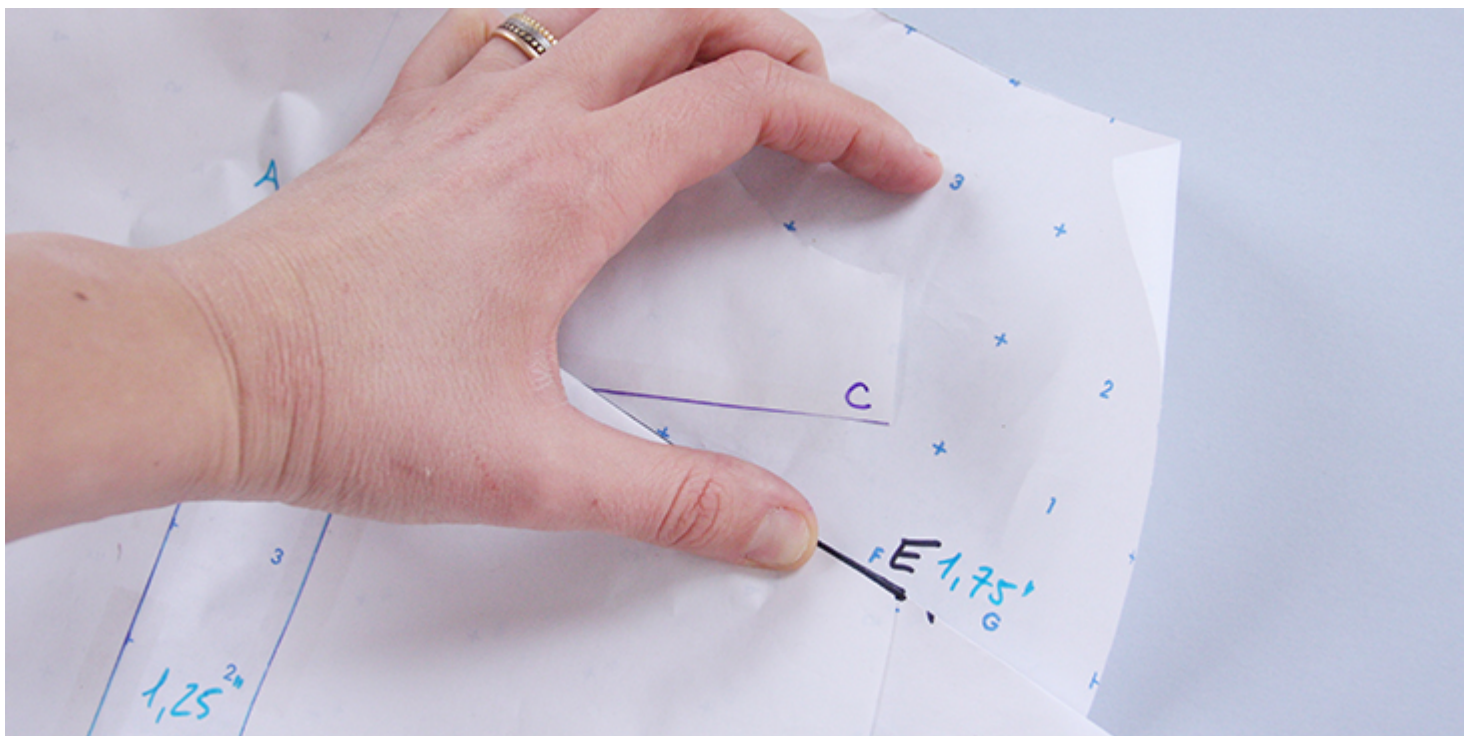




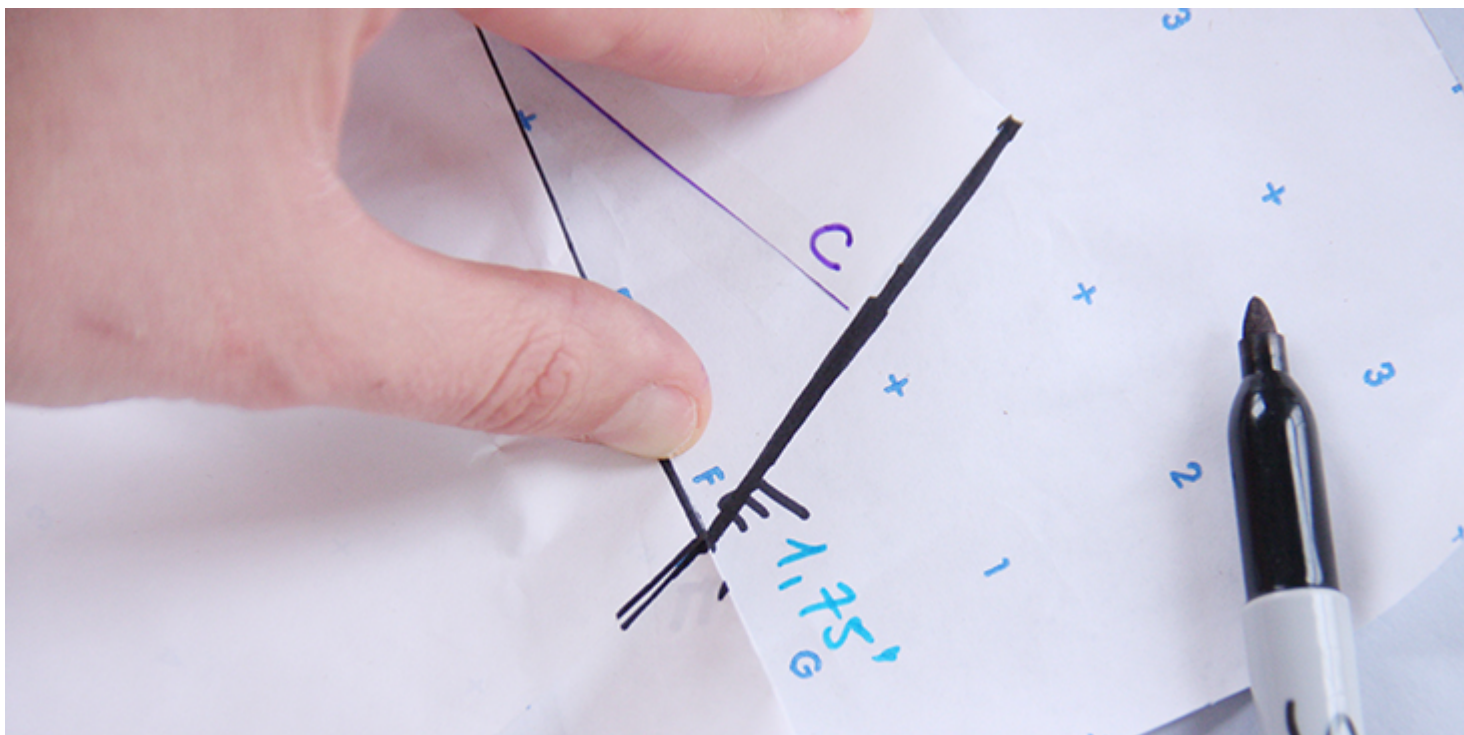
Et voila! Your dart is now formed! The very last thing to do here is to even out the side seam and perfect the dart.

13. Fold the new dart lines towards each other (the bottom dart leg (F) up to the top leg (E)). The paper will bulk a little but do not worry about this, just make sure that your lines are touching.



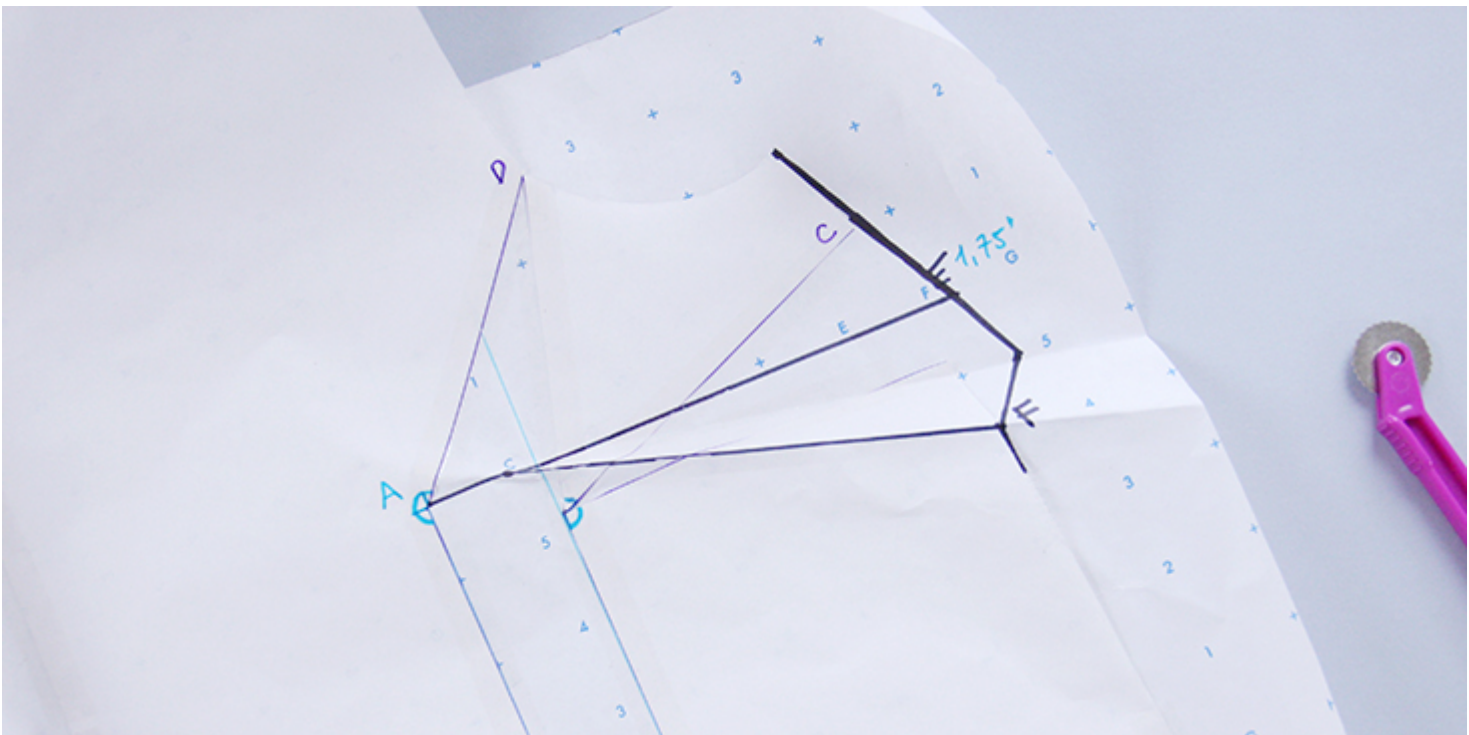
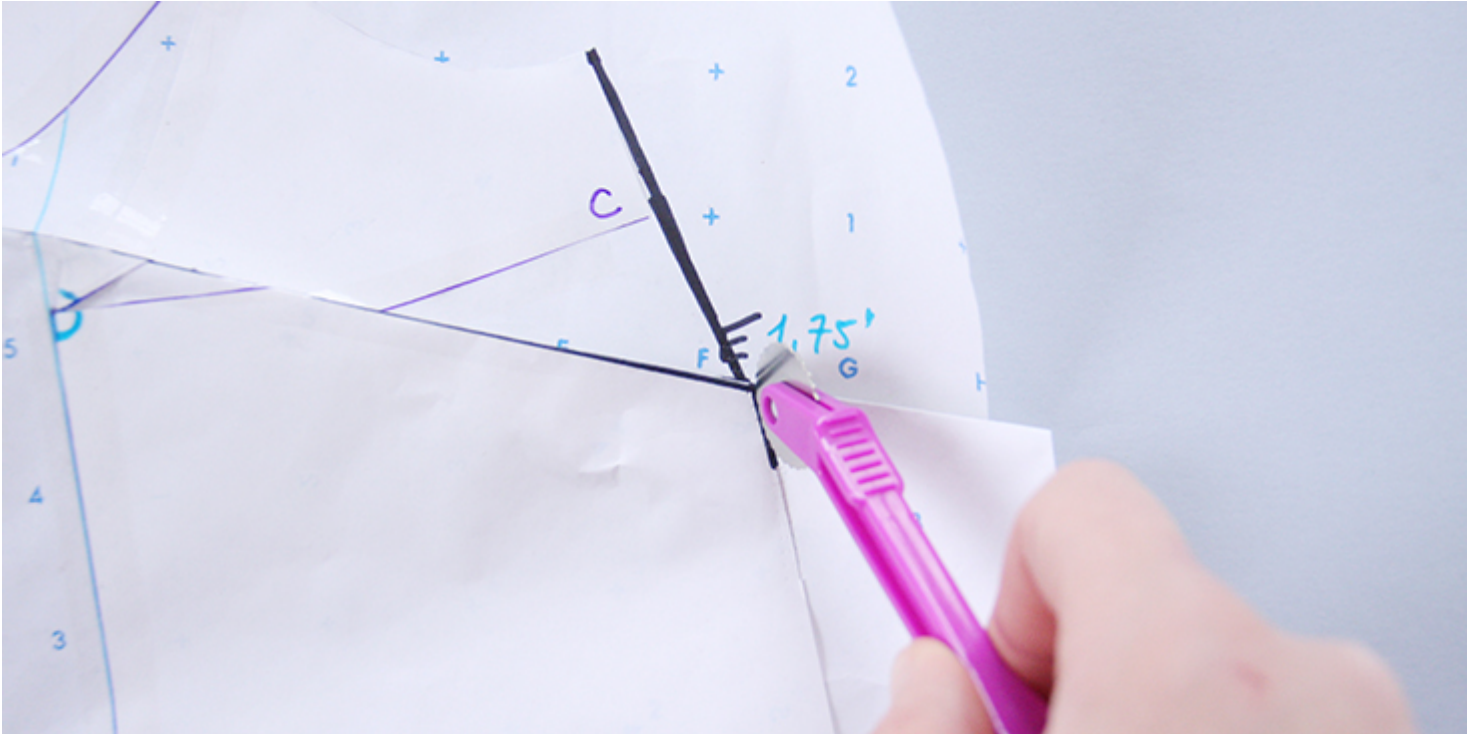


While holding the dart in place, connect your underarm point to the hemline to adjust the side seam.



14. Finally, mark the dart jog with a tracing wheel by pressing firmly. This

way when you open up your dart, you'll see the marked triangle at the dart opening that is called the dart jog. Trace the jog to finalize your new side seam cutting line.



15. Trace off your newly adjusted pattern, transfer the dart and add seam

allowances and you are all done with the FBA and ready to sew!

Tip: Before cutting your beautiful fabric, we strongly recommend to check the fit by sewing the bodice in muslin first. You still may need a few more minor alterations to fit the bodice.

## **CATEGORY**

1. SEWING GLOSSARY
2. TUTORIALS

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## **Author**

rima-khusainova